

FREM1 Mutations Cause Bifid Nose, Renal Agenesis, and Anorectal Malformations Syndrome

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In our recent article on loss-of-function mutations in *FREM1*, the mutation-containing exons were inadvertently misnumbered. This occurred because of the inclusion of a noncoding exon that, although associated with the *QBRICK* transcript, is not present in the current RefSeq. Therefore, the Afghani mutation (cited as being in exon 12) is actually in exon 11, according to version NM_144966.4. Similarly, the Egyptian and Pakistani mutations reside in exons 16 and 24, respectively. The cDNA and protein nomenclature used in describing all mutations, as well as their locations along the *FREM1* peptide, as given in Figure 1 and elsewhere, remain unchanged and accurate. The authors regret this oversight and appreciate the opportunity to amend the record.

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